UNITED
NATIONS

E

Economic and Social
Council

Distr.
GENERAL

E/1994/ 63
11 May 1994

original: ENGLISH

Substantive session of 1994

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS

Note by the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has the honour to transmit herewith the seventeenth report of the International Labour Organisation under article 18 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, submitted in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1988 (LX).

GE.94-16607
94-26685

PART I

Introduction

The present report has been established according to the arrangements approved by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office[1] to give effect to resolution 1988 (LX) of 11 May 1976 of the United Nations Economic and Social Council requesting specialised agencies to submit reports in accordance with Article 18 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, on the progress made in achieving the observance of the provisions of the Covenant falling within the scope of their activities. According to these arrangements, the International Labour Office is entrusted with the task of communicating to the United Nations, for presentation to the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, information on the results of the operation of various ILO supervisory procedures in the fields covered by the Covenant. It should remain open for the Committee of Experts on the Application of Conventions and Recommendations to report on particular situations whenever it deems this desirable or when specifically requested to do so by the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.

The report will follow the approach adopted since 1985, and will contain in Part II: (a) indications concerning the principal ILO Conventions relevant to Articles 6-10 of the Covenant; and (b) indications concerning ratifications of these Conventions and comments made by ILO supervisory bodies with regard to the application of these Conventions by the States concerned (in so far as the points at issue appear to have a bearing also on the provisions of the Covenant). The latter indications are based mainly on the comments of the Committee of Experts resulting from its examination of the reports on the Conventions in question. Account was also taken of the conclusions and recommendations adopted under constitutional procedures for the examination of representations or complaints and, in the case of Article 8 of the Covenant, of the conclusions and recommendations of the Committee on Freedom of Association of the Governing Body of the International Labour Office following examination of complaints alleging violation of trade union rights.[2]

The list of countries for which information has been provided in the present report appears in the table of contents. A recapitulatory list of States Parties to the Covenant and of ILO reports containing information concerning them will be found in the Annex.

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[1] Decisions of the Governing Body at its 201st Session (November 1976) and at its 236th Session (May 1987).

[2] Information on the procedures and machinery for the implementation of ILO standards, including the operation of its supervisory bodies, can be found in UN Action in the Field of Human Rights (United Nations publication, New York, 1988, Sales No. E.88.XIV.2), Chapter XIV, section D.1. Further information can be found in a document submitted to the World

PART II

A. Principal ILO Conventions relevant to Articles 6-10 of the Covenant

The following is a list of the principal ILO Conventions relevant to each of Articles 6-10 of the Covenant.[3] Indications on the ratification of these Conventions by each State concerned are given in section B of this part (indications concerning the situation of individual countries).

Article 6 of the Covenant

Unemployment Convention, 1919 (No. 2)
Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29)
Fee-Charging Employment Agencies Convention, 1933 (No. 34)
Employment Service Convention, 1948 (No. 88)
Fee-Charging Employment Agencies Convention (Revised), 1949 (No. 96)
Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957 (No. 105)
Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958 (No. 111)
Social Policy (Basic Aims and Standards) Convention, 1962 (No. 117)
Employment Policy Convention, 1964 (No. 122)
Paid Educational Leave Convention, 1974 (No. 140)
Human Resources Development Convention, 1975 (No. 142)
Workers with Family Responsibilities Convention, 1981 (No. 156)
Termination of Employment Convention, 1982 (No. 158)
Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment (Disabled Persons) Convention, 1983 (No. 159)
Employment Promotion and Protection Against Unemployment Convention, 1988 (No. 168), Part II.

Article 7 of the Covenant

Remuneration

Minimum Wage-Fixing Machinery Convention, 1928 (No. 26)
Minimum Wage-Fixing Machinery (Agriculture) Convention, 1951 (No. 99)
Minimum Wage-Fixing Convention, 1970 (No. 131)

Equal remuneration

Equal Remuneration Convention, 1951 (No. 100)

Rest, limitation of working hours and holidays with pay

Hours of Work (Industry) Convention, 1919 (No. 1)
Weekly Rest (Industry) Convention, 1921 (No. 14)
Hours of Work (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1930 (No. 30)
Forty-Hour Week Convention, 1935 (No. 47)
Holidays with Pay Convention, 1936 (No. 52)

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[3] There are in addition, particularly for Articles 7 and 9, a number of Conventions dealing with corresponding matters in particular occupational sectors (e.g. road transport, seafarers, fishermen, dockworkers, plantation workers, nursing personnel) or with particular categories of workers (e.g. migrant workers, indigenous and tribal peoples, workers in non-metropolitan territories). These Conventions are not included in the present list but are taken into account in the indications concerning the situation in individual countries.

Holidays with Pay (Agriculture) Convention, 1952 (No. 101)
Weekly Rest (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1957 (No. 106)
Holidays with Pay Convention (Revised), 1970 (No. 132)

Safe and healthy working conditions

White Lead (Painting) Convention, 1921 (No. 13)
Marking of Weight (Packages Transported by Vessels) Convention, 1929 (No. 27)
Protection Against Accidents (Dockers) Convention, 1929 (No. 28)
Protection Against Accidents (Dockers) Convention (Revised), 1932 (No. 32)
Safety Provisions (Building) Convention, 1937 (No. 62)
Labour Inspection Convention, 1947 (No. 81)
Radiation Protection Convention, 1960 (No. 115)
Guarding of Machinery Convention, 1963 (No. 119)
Hygiene (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1964 (No. 120)
Maximum Weight Convention, 1967 (No. 127)
Labour Inspection (Agriculture) Convention, 1969 (No. 129)
Benzene Convention, 1971 (No. 136)
Occupational Cancer Convention, 1974 (No. 139)
Working Environment (Air Pollution, Noise and Vibration) Convention, 1977 (No. 148)
Occupational Safety and Health (Dock Work) Convention, 1979 (No. 152)
Occupational Safety and Health Convention, 1981 (No. 155)
Occupational Health Services Convention, 1985 (No. 161)
Asbestos Convention, 1986 (No. 162)
Safety and Health in Construction Convention, 1988 (No. 167)
Chemicals Convention, 1990 (No. 170)
Night Work Convention, 1990 (No. 171)

Article 8 of the Covenant

Right of Association (Agriculture) Convention, 1921 (No. 11)
Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise Convention, 1948 (No. 87)
Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 (No. 98)
Workers' Representatives Convention, 1971 (No. 135)
Rural Workers' Organisations Convention, 1975 (No. 141)
Labour Relations (Public Service) Convention, 1978 (No. 151)
Collective Bargaining Convention, 1981 (No. 154)

Article 9 of the Covenant

Workmen's Compensation (Agriculture) Convention, 1921 (No. 12)
Workmen's Compensation (Accidents) Convention, 1925 (No. 17)
Workmen's Compensation (Occupational Diseases) Convention, 1925 (No. 18)
Equality of Treatment (Accident Compensation) Convention, 1925 (No. 19)
Sickness Insurance (Industry) Convention, 1927 (No. 24)
Sickness Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1927 (No. 25)
Old-Age Insurance (Industry, etc.) Convention, 1933 (No. 35)
Old-Age Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1933 (No. 36)
Invalidity Insurance (Industry, etc.) Convention, 1933 (No. 37)
Invalidity Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1933 (No. 38)
Survivors' Insurance (Industry, etc.) Convention, 1933 (No. 39)
Survivors' Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1933 (No. 40)
Workmen's Compensation (Occupational Diseases) Convention (Revised), 1934 (No. 42)
Unemployment Provisions Convention, 1934 (No. 44)
Maintenance of Migrants' Pension Rights Convention, 1935 (No. 48)

Social Security (Minimum Standards) Convention, 1952 (No. 102)
Equality of Treatment (Social Security) Convention, 1962 (No. 118)
Employment Injury Benefits Convention, 1964 (No. 121)
Invalidity, Old-Age and Survivors' Benefits Convention, 1967 (No. 128)
Medical Care and Sickness Benefits Convention, 1969 (No. 130)
Maintenance of Social Security Rights Convention, 1982 (No. 157)
Employment Promotion and Protection Against Unemployment, 1988 (No. 168)

Article 10 of the Covenant

(a) Maternity protection (re paragraph 2)

Maternity Protection Convention, 1919 (No. 3)
Maternity Protection Convention (Revised), 1952 (No. 103)

(b) Protection of children and young persons in relation to employment and work (re paragraph 3)

Minimum Age (Industry) Convention, 1919 (No. 5)
Minimum Age (Sea) Convention, 1920 (No. 7)
Minimum Age (Agriculture) Convention, 1921 (No. 10)
Minimum Age (Trimmers and Stokers) Convention, 1921 (No. 15)
Minimum Age (Non-Industrial Employment) Convention, 1932 (No. 33)
Minimum Age (Sea) Convention (Revised), 1936 (No. 58)
Minimum Age (Industry) Convention (Revised), 1937 (No. 59)
Minimum Age (Non-Industrial Employment) Convention (Revised), 1937 (No. 60)
Minimum Age (Fishermen) Convention, 1959 (No. 112)
Social Policy (Basic Aims and Standards) Convention, 1952 (No. 117)
Minimum Age (Underground Work) Convention, 1965 (No. 123)
Minimum Age Convention, 1973 (No. 138)
Night Work of Young Persons (Industry) Convention, 1919 (No. 6)
Night Work (Bakeries) Convention, 1925 (No. 20)
Night Work of Young Persons (Non-Industrial Occupations) Convention, 1946 (No. 79)
Night Work of Young Persons (Industry) Convention (Revised), 1948 (No. 90)
White Lead (Painting) Convention, 1921 (No. 13) (Article 3)
Radiation Protection Convention, 1960 (No. 115) (Article 7)
Maximum Weight Convention, 1967 (No. 127) (Article 7)
Benzene Convention, 1971 (No. 136) (Article 11)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Sea) Convention, 1921 (No. 16)
Medical Examination (Seafarers) Convention, 1946 (No. 73)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Industry) Convention, 1946 (No. 77)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Non-Industrial Occupations) Convention, 1946 (No. 78)
Medical Examination (Fishermen) Convention, 1959 (No. 113)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Underground Work) Convention, 1965 (No. 124)

B. Indications concerning the situation of individual countries

For each Article of the Covenant under consideration, these indications show the state of the ratifications of the corresponding Conventions by the country in question, and references to the relevant comments of the supervisory bodies with regard to the application of these Conventions. Full copies of the comments of the Committee of Experts are appended (in English + French), and should be consulted for further details.

The absence of any such references signifies either that there are no comments at the present time regarding the application of a particular Convention, or that the comments that have been made deal with points not relating to the provisions of the Covenant or to matters (for example, simple requests for information) which it would not appear to be necessary to deal with at this stage, or again that the government's reply concerning the application of a Convention on which comments had been made has not yet been examined by the Committee of Experts.

When references are made to the "observations" of the Committee of Experts, their texts are published in the report of the Committee for the same year (Report III (Part 4A) of the corresponding session of the International Labour Conference). In addition, comments have been formulated in requests for information addressed directly by the Committee of Experts to the governments in question; such comments are not published but the text is made available to the interested parties.

1. Situation concerning Articles 6-9 of the Covenant

URUGUAY

Information concerning this country was supplied in 1994.

The following relevant Conventions have been ratified and are in force for Uruguay (for full names see list of Conventions in Part II A above): Nos: 1, 8, 11, 13, 14, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 30, 32, 43, 54, 62, 80, 81, 87, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 105, 106, 108, 110, 111, 114, 116, 118, 119, 121, 122, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 137, 139, 141, 144, 148, 150, 151, 153, 154, 155, 156, 159 and 161.[4]

Article 6

In its 1994 observation under the Employment Policy Convention, 1964 (No. 122) the Committee of Experts took note of the Government's information explaining that the decision to resort to a programme of structural adjustment was designed to create the conditions for its sustained growth and has achieved substantial results. Nevertheless, the Government admits that it has caused an involuntary and temporary increase in unemployment.

The Committee asked the Government to supply in its next report information concerning the procedures adopted to ensure that the effects of such measures on employment are taken into account in the formulation and implementation of macro-economic politices. The Committee also asked for information on tripartite consultations on employment policy in the hope that workers and employers would contribute their experiences and views to the execution of employment policy according to Article 3 of the Convention.

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[4]Uruguay has denounced the following relevant Conventions: Nos. 2, 4, 12, 17, 18, 24, 25, 42, 45, 52, 67 and 101.

Article 7

In relation to the Labour Inspection Convention, 1947 (No. 81), the Committee of Experts repeated in a 1993 observation the concern expressed by some workers' organizations about the reduction in the number of inspections as well as about the incomplete statistics provided by the Government on that matter. The Committee also expressed concern about the conditions of work and the wages of the inspectors, which were likely to endanger their independance. The Government explained that the lower number of inspectors was mainly due to transportation problems. The Committee asked the Government to provide information on the working conditions of inspectors and to formulate a comprehensive annual inspection report in accordance with Articles 20 and 21 of the Convention.

In its 1993 observation under the Minimum Wage Fixing Convention, 1970 (No. 131) the Committee of Experts noted the discussion which had taken place in the 1991 Session of the International Labour Conference on Uruguay's application of the Convention. It asked the Government to indicate how elements such as the needs of workers and their families are taken into consideration in determining the level of minimum wages. The Committee noted that the minimum wages in certain cases were fixed unilaterally by the Government and requested the Government to provide for further clarifications in its next report on certain points.

Article 8

In its 1994 observation under the Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 (No. 98) the Committee of Experts noted with interest the measures taken by public authorities to settle a negotiation dispute in the teaching sector.

Article 9

In a 1994 observation under the Invalidity, Old-Age and Survivors' Benefits Convention, 1967 (No. 128), the Committee of Experts noted the adoption of Act No. 15900 of 17 October 1989 for the annual revision of pensions paid by the Bank for Social Welfare. It requested the Government to supply its implementing Decrees and the statistical data required by Art. 29.

In a 1993 observation the Committee of Experts noted with satisfaction the adoption of Act No. 16074 of 10 October 1989 enabling effect to be given to certain provisions of the Employment Injury Benefits Convention, 1964 (No. 121). The Committee noted that the Act provided for increments in periodical payments in case of temporary absence from the territory. The Committee also noted the elimination of former references to "improper conduct" of the surviving spouse leading to cancellation of the right to periodical payment.

The Committee furthermore addressed direct requests to Uruguay in 1991 on Convention No. 132, in 1992 on the application of Conventions Nos. 8, 22, 81, 94, 122, 129, 136, 139, 148, 155, and 159, and in 1993 on the application of Conventions Nos. 22, 32, 97, 121, 134, 150, 153 and 154. Direct requests were made in 1993 on the application of Conventions Nos. 32, 97, 105, 110, 111, 113, 130, 139 and in 1994 (not yet public as they have not been transmitted to the Government) on Conventions Nos. 100, 103, 122, 128, 133, 137, 148, 151, 155, 156, 159 and 161.

The Governing Body Committee on Freedom of Asociation, at its March 1994 Session, reached definitive conclusions in Case No. 1596 which concerned allegations of anti-union dismissals following a strike in the paper industry.

MOROCCO

Information concerning this country was not been supplied previously.

The following relevant Conventions have been ratified and are in force for Morocco (for full names see list of Conventions in Part II A above): Nos. 2, 11, 12, 14, 17, 18, 19, 22, 26, 27, 29, 30, 52, 81, 98, 99, 101, 105, 106, 111, 119, 122 and 129.

Article 6

In a 1992 observation on the Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957 (No. 105), the Committee of Experts noted that the Government had not responded to comments from workers' organizations concerning the application of the Convention in the context of a 1958 Decree punishing strikes by public servants. It asked the Government to reply to the Conference Committee of Standards, where the case was discussed.

In a 1993 observation on the Employment Policy Convention, 1964 (No. 122), the Committee of Experts noted the information on the Government's efforts to combat unemployment and asked for details on the results achieved by the various incentives for the creation of jobs. It also asked for information on the impact of the National Plan for the training and integration of young graduates; on the establishment of a National Employment Agency; for a more detailed reply to comments from workers' organizations about the impact of employment creation measures on the achievement of other economic and social objectives; and on the composition and mandate of the recently created Economic and Social Council.

Article 7

In a 1993 observation on the Minimum Wage-fixing Machinery Convention, 1928 (No. 26), the Committee of Experts noted the information supplied by the Government and the discussion in the Conference Committee in 1992. It requested the Government to specify the composition and functioning of the tripartite committees set up for consultation, and to supply more details on the operations of the labour inspectorate's investigations of violations of minimum wage provisions alleged by certain workers' organizations.

In a 1993 observation on the Hours of Work (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1930 (No. 30), the Committee of Experts noted the noted that legislation to give effect to the Conventionwas before Parliament and asked the Government to communicate a copy of the text once adopted.

In a 1993 observation on the Holidays with Pay Convention, 1936 (No. 52), the Committee of Experts noted that draft legislation to give effect to Article 2 of the Convention was being discussed in Parliament; it hoped that the text would be adopted soon and asked for a copy of the text in due course.

In a 1993 observation on the Minimum Wage Fixing Machinery Convention, 1951 (No. 99), the Committee of Experts asked the Government to provide information on the application in practice of the 1973 Act and 1989 Decree to ensure the observance of legal minimum wages, and to provide copies of certain regulating Decrees, the implementation of which had been called into doubt by workers' organizations. Regarding Article 3, the Committee asked the Government to provide further information on the specific workers' organizations which are consulted in the matter.

In a 1994 observation on the Equal Remuneration Convention, 1951 (No. 100), the Committee of Experts noted the statistical data presented by the Government and requested more details on the results achieved in eliminating wage disparities between men and women workers in the public sector. It also asked for information on any objective job evaluations being used, and for the results of a private sector survey into wages.

Article 8

In a 1993 observation on the Right of Association (Agriculture) Convention, 1921 (No. 11), the Committee of Experts asked the Government for details on the right to form agricultural associations under the Dahir on trade unions of 1957 as against the Dahir of 1958 on associations. It also asked for the Government's observations on comments received from workers' organizations concerning trade union rights in the agricultural sector.

In a 1994 observation on the Right to Organize and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 (No. 98), the Committee of Experts noted the Goverment's statement that legislation to strengthen protection against anti-union discrimination is still under examination and recalled that several cases before the Governing Body Committee on Freedom of Association had resulted in recommendations to strengthen the statutory protection. It urged the Government to take action in this sense. Regarding Article 4, the Committee requested the Government to supply details on any legal proceedings and practical rules in force for the settlement of collective labour disputes connected with collective bargaining, and for information on the progress achieved in drafting legislation in this field.

The Committee furthermore addressed direct requests to Morocco in 1991 on Convention No. 94, in 1992 on the application of Convention No. 105 and in 1993 on Conventions Nos. 30 and 111. Direct requests were made in 1994 on the application of Conventions Nos. 100 and 106 (not yet public as they have not been transmitted to the Government).

The Governing Body Committee on Freedom of Association, at its March 1994 Session, reached interim conclusions in Case No. 1640 concerning the arrest and sentencing of two trade union leaders, interference in May Day 1992 celebrations and other anti-union acts. It also reached interim conclusions in Case No. 1646 concerning certain employers' actions during a 1992 strike by urban transport workers. In Case No. 1714, the Committee regretted the absence of a reply from the Government, and requested to be kept informed of the follow-up into various alleged anti-union measures taken by the private company "Huileries de Meknès". The Committee noted that a Government reply had been received in Cases Nos. 1671, 1687, 1691 and 1712 and stated its intention to examine these cases at its next session. In two other cases (Nos. 1709 and 1712), the Committee addressed an urgent appeal to the Government to supply a response, failing which the Committee may present a report on the substance of the cases at its next session, even if the observations requested from the Government have not been received.

BELGIUM

Information concerning this country has not been supplied previously.

The following relevant Conventions have been ratified and are in force for Belgium (for full names see list of Conventions in part II A above): Nos. 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 26, 27, 29, 32, 62, 81, 87, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 105, 111, 120, 121, 122, 151 and 154.

Article 6

In a 1992 observation on the Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957 (No. 105) the Committee of Experts noted the Government's repeated indications that amendments were being prepared to the merchant marine legislation to bring it into line with the Convention, and asked it to supply information on the measures taken in this sense.

In a 1994 observation on the Employment Policy Convention, 1964 (No. 122) the Committee of Experts noted the detailed and updated description of measures adopted to increase job offers and decrease the demand for employment, and asked the Government to report on the manner in which its fiscal and monetary , and prices and wages policies contribute to the achievement of full, productive and freely chosed employment.

Article 8

In a 1993 observation on the Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organize Convention, 1948 (No. 87) the Committee of Experts noted the Government's information on the criteria for access by the social partners to the National Labour Council and expressed the firm hope that the Bill currently under preparation to remedy any partiality in the choice of organizations to sit on this body is adopted. It asked to be kept informed of progress in the adoption.

The Committee furthermore addressed direct requests to Belgium in 1993 on the application of Convention No. 111, and in 1994 on the application of Conventions Nos. 1, 29, 96, 100 and 151 (not yet public as they have not been transmitted to the Government).

KENYA

Information about this country has not previously been provided by the ILO supervisory bodies.

The following relevant Conventions have been ratified by and are in force for Kenya (for full names of Conventions see Part II A above): Nos. 2, 11, 12, 14, 17, 19, 26, 27, 29, 32, 81, 88, 98, 99, 105, 118, 129, 131, 132, 135, 140, 141 and 142.

Article 6

In its 1994 observation on the Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) the Committee of Experts noted the Government's intention to repeal sections of the Chief's Authority Act which did not correspond to the Convention, and it asked to be kept informed of progress to this end.

In its 1992 observation on the Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957 (No. 105) the Committee of Experts noted that the Government reiterated its previous indications on bringing public order and seafarers' legislation, into conformity with the Convention.

Article 9

In a 1994 observation on the Workmen's Compensation (Accidents) Convention, 1925 (No. 17) the Committee of Experts hoped that draft legislation under discussion would give full effect to the Convention on several specific points, and offered the technical assistance of the Office for the implementation of the new system of compensating industrial accidents.

The Committee furthermore addressed direct requests to Kenya in 1991 on Conventions Nos. 132 and 140, in 1992 on the application of Conventions Nos. 105, 118 and 142 and in 1994 on the application of Conventions Nos. 29, 88 and 98 (not yet public as they have not been transmitted to the Government).

The Governing Body Committee on Freedom of Association, at its March 1994 Session, examined Case No. 1713 concerning the arrest of a trade union leader and police interference in a union meeting, and asked to be kept informed of various legal proceedings underway in connection with these events.

2. Situation concerning Article 10 of the Covenant

URUGUAY

The ILO has not previously provided information on the application by Uruguay of this article.

The Government has ratified the following relevant Conventions (for full names see the list of Conventions in Part II A above): Nos. 13, 16, 73, 77, 78, 79, 90, 103, 113, 115, 136 and 138.

The Committee of Experts addresseed a direct request to the Government in 1992 on Convention No.13.

MOROCCO

The ILO has not previously provided information on the application by Morocco on this Article.

The following relevant Conventions have been ratified and are in force for Morocco (for full names see list of Conventions in Part II A above): Nos. 13, 15, 136.

In a 1994 observation on the Benzene Convention, 1971 (No. 136), the Committee of Experts noted the discussions in the Conference Committee of 1993 and the Government's indication that legislation to implement the Convention was under discussion. The Committee trusted that the draft Decree would be adopted in the near future.

BELGIUM

The ILO has not previously provided information on the application by Belgium of this Article.

The following relevant Conventions have been ratified and are in force for Belgium (for full names see list of Conventions in Part II A above): Nos. 6, 13, 16, 73, 77, 113, 115, 124 and 138.

In a 1992 oberservation on the White Lead (Painting) Convention, 1921 (No.13) the Committee of Experts noted with satisfaction the amendment of legislation to bring it into conformity with the requirements of the Convention.

The Committee furthermore addressed direct requests to Belgium in 1992 on the application of Convention No. 115 and in 1994 on Conventions Nos. 6 and 138 (not yet public as they have not been transmitted to the Government).

KENYA

The ILO has not previously provided information on the application of this article by Kenya.

The following relevant Conventions have been ratified and are in force for Kenya (for full names see the list of Conventions in Part II A above): Nos. 16, 138.

The Committee of Experts addressed a direct request to the Government in 1992 on Convention No.138.

ANNEX

Index of countries and of relevant information supplied by the ILO since 1978

Country	Articles 6-9 (Document reference)	Article 10 (Document reference)
Afghanistan	E/1986/60	
Country	Articles 6-9 (Document reference)	Article 10 (Document reference)
	E/1989/6 E/1990/9 E/1991/4	
Australia	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60
Austria	E/1988/6	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Barbados	E/1982/41	E/1982/41
Bulgaria	E/1980/35 E/1985/63	E/1983/40 E/1988/6
Belarus, Republic of	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Cameroon		E/1988/6
Canada	E/1982/41 E/1988/6 E/1989/6	E/1994/5
Chile	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1988/6
Colombia	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1990/9
Costa Rica	E/1990/9 E/1991/4	E/1990/9
Cyprus	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60 E/1989/6
Czech and Slovak Federal Republic	E/1979/33 E/1986/60	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Denmark	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59

Country	Articles 6-9 (Document reference)	Article 10 (Document reference)
Dominican Republic	E/1990/9 E/1991/4	E/1990/9 E/1991/4
Ecuador	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1990/9 E/1991/4
Finland	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60
France	E/1986/60	E/1989/6
German Democratic Republic	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Germany, Federal Republic of	E/1979/33 E/1986/60	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Hungary	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1986/60
Iceland	E/1994/5	
India	E/1986/60	
Iran, Islamic Republic of	E/1978/27	E/1994/5
Iraq	E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60
Italy	E/1982/41	
Jamaica	E/1980/35 E/1989/6	E/1989/6
Japan	E/1985/63	E/1987/59
Jordan	E/1987/59	E/1987/59
Luxembourg	E/1990/9	E/1990/9
Madagascar	E/1981/41 E/1985/63	E/1986/60
Mexico	E/1985/63 E/1994/5	E/1990/9 E/1994/5
Mongolia	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Netherlands	E/1989/6	E/1989/6

Netherlands (Antilles)	E/1987/59	
New Zealand	E/1994/5	
Nicaragua	E/1986/60	E/1994/5
Norway	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1988/6
Panama	E/1988/6 E/1989/6 E/1990/9 E/1991/4 E/1992/4	E/1981/41 E/1988/6 E/1989/6 E/1991/4
Peru	E/1985/63	
Philippines	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	
Poland	E/1979/33 E/1986/60	E/1981/41 E/1987/59 E/1989/6
Romania	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1988/6
Rwanda	E/1985/63 E/1989/6	E/1986/60
Senegal	E/1994/5	E/1981/41
Spain	E/1980/35 E/1985/63	E/1982/41 E/1986/60
Sweden	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Syrian Arab Republic	E/1980/35 E/1990/9 E/1992/4	E/1981/41 E/1990/9
Tanzania		E/1981/41
Trinidad and Tobago	E/1989/6	E/1989/6
Tunisia	E/1978/27	E/1988/6 E/1989/6
Ukrainian SSR	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1982/41 E/1986/60
Uruguay	E/1994/5	
USSR	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
United Kingdom	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1991/4

United Kingdom (Non-metropolitan territories)	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1982/41
Venezuela	E/1985/63	E/1986/60
Vietnam	E/1994/5	
Yemen	E/1990/9 E/1991/4	E/1990/9 E/1991/4
Yugoslavia	E/1983/40 E/1985/63	E/1983/40
Zaire	E/1988/6	E/1988/6
Zambia		E/1986/60